

AI Deployment Readiness Checklist

Work through this before enabling any AI tool in your family office environment.

Governance and Controls – Do This Before Anything Else

- ☐ Write your AI governance policy before any tool goes live.
- ☐ Add an AI use policy to your employee handbook. Specify which tools are approved and explicitly prohibit personal AI accounts for work of any kind.
- ☐ Establish that any work product created using AI tools belongs to the organization, not the individual.
- ☐ Update your vendor agreements to address AI usage and data handling obligations.
- ☐ Note applicable regulatory requirements – HIPAA, FINRA, SEC, state AI laws – and ensure your policy reflects them.
- ☐ Communicate the policy to all staff before deployment, not after.

Before You Turn It On

- ☐ Catalog your data: what it is, where it lives, who can access it.
- ☐ Archive or remove sensitive data that has no reason to be AI-accessible.
- ☐ Apply sensitivity labels to data by category.
- ☐ Decide which AI tools are approved and which are off-limits until fully evaluated.
- ☐ Use enterprise-licensed accounts only. Free-tier tools can use your data to train their models.

Configuration

- ☐ Start with a small pilot group of 3–5 users before any wider rollout.
- ☐ Run the pilot for at least 30 days. Have the group actively try to find gaps – what data can be seen that shouldn't be accessed, what the tool can reach that it shouldn't.
- ☐ Start in read-only or sandbox mode. Expand access deliberately, not all at once.
- ☐ Restrict connectors. The AI should not have default access to personal or family archives.
- ☐ Turn off model learning on your data wherever the setting exists.
- ☐ Set retention and deletion policies for prompts and AI-generated outputs.

Access Controls

- Limit access by role. Not everyone needs to see everything.
- Encrypt data at rest and in transit.
- Test it: can someone reach HR or financial data through the AI? They should not be able to.

Ongoing

- Train staff on approved tools, prohibited inputs, and how to recognize AI-generated phishing and impersonation attempts.
- Require human review for any AI-generated content touching legal, financial, or reputational decisions.
- Extend your AI policy to vendors and partners, not just your internal team.
- Maintain an AI-specific incident response plan – know what you will do if a breach or data exposure involves an AI tool.
- Build audit trails for any AI action involving payments, personal data, or file transfers.